

# Assessment

## HIV / AIDS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. Doctors in the US first became aware of HIV-AIDS in
  - a) 1974
  - b) 1981
  - c) 1984
  
2. Which part of the world has the greatest number of people with HIV-AIDS?
  - a) Asia
  - b) Africa
  - c) North America
  
3. HIV is
  - a) virus
  - b) bacteria
  - c) fungus
  
4. You can tell that a person has HIV because he/she
  - a) looks tired or ill
  - b) has a bad cough
  - c) no way to tell
  
5. When was the first World AIDS Day?
  - a) 1984
  - b) 1988
  - c) 1994
  
6. If a pregnant woman is HIV positive and takes a special drug to prevent mother-to-child transmission, what are the chances that her baby will be HIV positive?
  - a) 2 percent
  - b) 40 percent
  - c) 100 percent
  
7. A woman who is breastfeeding can pass HIV to her baby through her milk.
  - a) true
  - b) false
  - c) only if she has full-blown AIDS
  
8. Globally, the number of women living with HIV is
  - a) one million
  - b) 17 million
  - c) 38 million
  
9. In heterosexual sex, who is more likely to become infected with HIV from an HIV-positive partner?
  - a) man
  - b) woman
  - c) both

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10. Globally, most women become infected with HIV through
- a) unprotected sex
  - b) blood transfusion
  - c) injecting drugs
11. If a pregnant woman is HIV positive, what are the chances that her baby will be HIV positive?
- a) 30 percent
  - b) 2 percent
  - c) 100 percent
12. Approximately how many people are living with HIV-AIDS today?
- a) 10.2 million
  - b) 20.4 million
  - c) 40 million
13. Roughly how many people are infected with HIV every day?
- a) 15, 000
  - b) 16,000
  - c) 8,000
14. Worldwide what is the age range most infected with HIV?
- a) 0-14
  - b) 15-24
  - c) 25-44
15. Roughly how many people died of AIDS in 2003?
- a) 1.7 million
  - b) 5 million
  - c) 3 million